Adult Safety Plan

Often, writing out your plan helps you regain security and control of your life. Remember, this plan should be used as a guide and a reminder of ways you and your family can increase your safety. This plan should be hidden in a safe place where the abuser is unlikely to find it. It should also be reviewed and updated on a regular basis if the situation or living environment changes.

To begin creating your safety plan, print (if safe to do so) and fill out the form(s) below as appropriate to your situation. Keep it in a safe place that the abuser is unlikely to find and refer to it frequently to bring strength when you need it most.

Safety While In An Abusive Relationship

If violence occurs, or if I am afraid that the violence will be a recurring issue, I can enhance my safety by doing some or all of the following:

	she) becomes abusive, I can do or say the following:
	s violent or abusive, I will try to move to a space that has is nowhere near weapons. Places I can go are:
Try to stay o	ut of areas such as the bathroom, kitchen, and closets.
I will practice how to gexits can be used in a	get out of my home safely. The following doors, windows or n emergency:
	people about the past violence and request they call the picious noises coming from my home:
Name:	Phone Number:
Name:	Phone Number:

Name:	Phone Number:
I will use the follocall for help:	owing CODE WORD with my children/family/friends so they can
If I have to flee rig	ght away, this is where I can go and who I can call:
Where I can go:	
Who I can call:	

Other things I can do to increase my safety are:

- Keep change with me at all times.
 - (Remember that a monthly bill from a calling card can tell your abuser where you are calling from. Try to use change, a prepaid calling card, or a friend's phone or calling card.)
- Keep my cell phone charged.

(Remember that not all cell phone calls can be traced by 911. Be aware of where you are so you can provide your location to police if needed.)

Use your own instinct and judgment. If the situation is very dangerous, consider giving your abuser what he (or she) wants in order to remain safe.

Safety When Preparing to Leave

One of the most dangerous times in a domestic violence relationship is when a victim decides to leave her (his) abuser. Often times, the abuser feels he (or she) has lost control over you and may be willing to do anything to stop you from leaving.

Thus, leaving home must be done with a careful plan in order to increase safety.

If violence occurs, or if I am afraid that the violence will be a recurring issue, I can enhance my safety by doing some or all of the following:

T I have to flee right away,	this is where I can go and who I can call:
Where I can go:	
Who I can call:	
will use the following CO call for help:	DE WORD with my children/family/friends so they can
	rtant documents, an extra set of car and/or house keys
Name:	Phone Number:
Name:	Phone Number:
phone nearest to my home	e numbers accessible to my children and myself. The e is located at:
Hubbard House 24-hour hot	line numbers: (904) 354-3114 or (800) 500-1119
Name:	Number:
Name: When I leave I will need to	
Social security cards Birth certificates for a	self (driver's license or other ID) s for all family members all family members ion records for children

 Medications for all family members
 Divorce/custody papers
 Work permits/green card/passports
 Money/check book/ATM-credit cards/bank book
 Children's favorite toys/blankets
 Items of special sentimental value
 Medical records
 Lease/rental agreement, mortgage payment book, house deed
House and/or car keys

While preparing to leave I will remember to:

- Determine the safest place to be if an argument is unavoidable. Choose a room
 or an area that has access to an exit and NOT in a bathroom, kitchen or
 anywhere near weapons.
- Practice my escape. Identify the safest doors, windows, elevator, or stairwell accesses available.
- Keep my bag packed. Find a hidden, but accessible, place to keep a bag for a quick exit.
- Know my neighbors. Identify a neighbor who can call the police if they hear a
 disturbance coming from my home.
- Create an emergency signal. Develop and share a code word that can be used to warn my children, family, friends, and neighbors when I need the police.
- Rely on my instincts. I know better than anyone what my abuser is capable of I will trust myself.
- Open a bank account in my name with a separate mailing address. This will establish and increase my independence. (Think of other ways you can increase your independence.)
- Leave money, extra sets of keys, copies of important documents, and extra clothes with someone I trust. (While it's likely you'll be able to return home with a police officer to collect your belongings, this strategy will help you quickly escape danger.)
- Make prior arrangements for my pets and their safety, if possible.
- Remove any necessary documents and/or items from the computer and store them securely on another computer or flash drive.
- Locate the nearest domestic violence center or determine whom I could stay with and/or borrow money from until I am settled.
- Keep the Hubbard House hotline number with me at all times, along with change for the pay phone, a calling card, and/or a cell phone.
- Review my safety plan and revise it often.

Safety after the relationship has ended and/or the abuser is no longer in the home

If my abuser is no longer living in my home, there are several steps I can take to secure myself and family. I can:

- Change the locks, alarm codes, and garage opener codes on my doors as soon as possible. Purchase new or additional locks and safety devices and have them installed to secure the windows.
- Rearrange the furniture in my home.
- If I have moved, I will try to keep my address and phone number confidential.
- Inform my friends and neighbors that I am no longer involved with my abuser and ask them to call the police if they see him (or her) near my house.

 (Remind them to keep your address confidential except for the police.)
- Avoid places my abuser and I frequented.
- Keep a copy of my injunction with me at all times and call the police if he (or she) violates that injunction in any way.
- Discuss our safety plan with my children.
- Inform my children's school, day care, etc., about who has permission to pick them up or inquire about their policies.

Safety at Work and in Public

It's up to you to decide if and when you tell others about your abusive partner. Don't discount the importance of having a system of friends, family, and coworkers available not only for emotional support, but safety and protection as well.

The following are steps I can take to secure myself and family in public and at work:

I can inform the following people at work and ask them to help screen my calls during work hours:

Name:	Number:	
Name:	Number:	
When driving home, if pro	blems occur, I can:	
If I use public transit, I car	n:	

Other routes I can take to get home are:		
Before I leave my house, I will remember to:		
 Make sure my cell phone is fully charged. Make sure I have change with me to make phone calls. Make sure I have a copy of my injunction for protection. Make sure someone I trust knows where I am and when I will return. Make sure I have my safety plan with me. 		
Safety and Emotional Health		
Abuse of any kind is exhausting to your entire being and can effect not only your physical health, but your emotional state of mind as well. That's why it's importar to surround yourself with people and activities that bring you energy and courage so you can begin the process of building your new life.		
I can do some of the following to increase my self-confidence, gain support, and strengthen my relationships with other people.		
Whenever I feel others are trying to control or abuse me, I can tell myself:		
To gain support, I can attend workshops and support groups at:		
Call Hubbard House (904) 354-3114 for a listing of support groups near you.		
If I feel discouraged and ready to return to a potentially abusive situation, I can:		
Other things I can do to help me feel stronger are:		